Models 701 & 711 Strain Gage Conditioners With Unmatched Performance and Productivity



Superb Instruments for load cells, scales, pressure sensors, accelerometers, reaction, slip ring and rotary transformer torquemeters

- ! rock solid readings unaffected by thermal and galvanic voltages
- ! 2000 samples/sec./channel, 0.5 to 5 mV/V and high noise immunity
- ! 6 digit engineering unit display with legends and 0.01% resolution
- ! 7 pole antialias filter and 4 pole digital filters with 10X oversampling
- ! real-time cross channel calculations and math operations
- ! 20 built-in data acquisition and control functions
- ! RS232, RS422 or RS485 serial communication
- ! user assignable logic inputs and outputs
- ! $auto-scaled \pm 5V$ and/or $\pm 10V$ analog outputs
- ! no pots, batteries, fans, maintenance, or external power supplies

These instruments are full featured strain gage conditioner/readouts; the Model 701 handles one and the Model 711 handles two transducers. Both provide fast, accurate data *for each channel.* What's more, 20 of the most useful processing functions and 26 real-time digital calculations are built in. Their use converts the Model 701/711 into powerful production and performance test analyzers with easily configured characteristics. You needn't write code or add hardware to be up-and-running a productive test.

The alphanumeric display can publish measured and computed data, units of measure and test status. During setup, it guides you with English language prompts. There are \underline{no} \underline{manual} $\underline{adjustments}$. Calibration is simple; enter the sensor full scale in engineering units and auto-cal takes over. It provides 0.01% resolution and $\pm 5V$ and/or $\pm 10V$ analog outputs at the sensor full scale. The keyboard accesses measured data, derived data, stored data, limit status, and/or I/O status $\underline{without}$ \underline{test} $\underline{disruption}$. Password protection of user set values may be invoked, when needed.

Signal conditioning has the advantages of ac carriers with the operating simplicity of dc. Microprocessors eliminate manual adjustments yet provide true ac null balance. As a result, the instrument is easy to use, <u>has superior noise immunity</u>, is <u>unaffected by thermal and galvanic voltages and offers high sensitivity</u>. Use it with either <u>directly wired or transformer coupled sensors</u>.

Select either RS232, RS422, or RS485 communications to remotely acquire data, and setup and control the instrument modes. Input actions and output events can be controlled by user configurable logic I/O's. When used in its' State Mode, Event Driven Tests can be done. That is, the Instrument setup automatically changes as the test moves between states; up to 8 states are possible – see AN7000 for details.

Included software remotely controls all instrument functions from a Windows based PC. It displays, plots and saves real-time data, does X-Y plots, and will also save and download the instruments setup parameters.

S. HIMMELSTEIN AND COMPANY

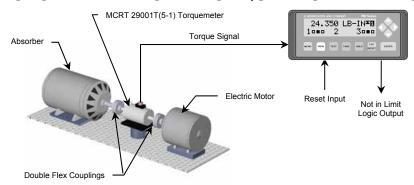
2490 Pembroke Ave., Hoffman Estates, IL 60169 \$ USA \$ Tel: 847/843-3300 \$ Fax: 847/843-8488

Model 701/711 Specifications

Transducer(s)	Annu 00 to 00000 othering of the Parity of the Control of the Cont
Type	
Connections	Provision for 4, 6, or 7 wire circuits
Maximum Cable Length	500ft for transducer impedance ≥100Ω and 200ft for transducer impedance <100Ω
nput	
Impedance	
Automatic Null Range	
In-Phase Signals	±10% of Full Scale (with 50% overrange), ±60% of Full Scale (with 0% overrange)
Quadrature Signals	±1mV/\
	60Hz: 120dB common mode, 100dB normal mode. Carrier quadrature: 60dE
	200Hz, 7 pole Bessel response filter
	4 pole Bessel response digital filters with 11 cutoff frequencies from 0.1 to 200Hz in 1-2-5 steps
Resolution	@ 5mV/V F.S.: 86/80/72/66dB with 1/10/100/200Hz filters
Overall Accuracy (at 77°F/25°C	S)
Comporature Effects	Zero: ±0.001% of Full Scale/°F (max); Span: ±0.001% of Full Scale/ °F (max)
	Zeio. ±0.001% oi ruii ocale/ r (max), opan. ±0.001% oi ruii ocale/ r (max
Display	2 line by 16 alphanumeric characters, each 0.2" wide by 0.3" high. Backlit LCD with adjustable contrast
	Select either 2 Channels, 1 Channel with Limit Status, or 1 Channel with I/O Status
Data Displayed	
	Engineering units with 6 digits (1-2-5 format) and 5 character user-entered legend/descripton
Number of Channels	<u> </u>
	Supports one (Model 701) or two input channels (Model 711)
	One (CH3). Choose from 26 formulas based on CH1, CH2, and a constan
Response (per channel)	
	Update Rates
	1000Hz (hardware channels), 50Hz (CH3 calculation
Logic I/O Response Time.	1ms (hardware channels), 20ms (CH3 calculation
	og Output
Control (All I/O functions can b	e OR'd in any combination. The <i>pattern</i> function adds ANDing capabilities.)
Input Actions/channel	Logic inputs, outputs, and internal Matrix signals control following actions. Tare, Clear Tare
	Hold, Clear Hold, Reset Max/Min, Clear Latched Limits, Check Limits, Do Max/Mins, Apply +CAL, Apply -CAL
Output Events/channel	The following events drive Logic outputs and internal Matrix signals
. HI	Limit, NOT HI Limit, IN Limit, NOT IN Limit, LO Limit, NOT LO Limit, At Max, NOT At Max, At Min, NOT At Mir
Eight User-defined Pattern	sPatterns drive Logic outputs and internal Matrix signals
-	Patterns are based on Logic inputs, outputs, and internal Matrix signals
State Machine Capability	User enabled/disabled. Permits up to eight states and allows event driven testing. See AN7000 for details
	Each channel has a HI and LO limit which may be latched or unlatched, absolute or signed, and with or withou
G	hysteresis. Select either Current, Max, Min, Spread or Held data for limit checking
	Limit violations on any or all channels can be set to trigger backlight flashing in any of the display view modes
Four Logic Inputs (each with r	rogrammable function destination)
Type	TTL compatible, Schmitt Trigger, low-true with 47kΩ pull-up. Input current is -100μA @ 0ν
	to ±130VDC (or 130VAC)
	rogrammable function source)
Type	Open collector, low-true. Operating @ 24V (max) and 0.3A max sink curren
Protection	Short circuit (current and thermal limits) and overvoltage (0.5A fuse
Sorial Communication Bort /:	ser selectable as RS232, RS422, or RS485)
iviaximum number of Devi	ces
12012 Termination Resisto	s (RS485)
RS422/485 Transceivers	Slew-rate limited, short circuit protected (current & thermal limits
RS232 Drivers	Short circuit protected (current limit
	Use a 9 pin D connector. They are ±15kV ESD protected and float (100kΩ) with respect to Earth Ground
	for System Settings EEPROM, batteries are not used
Non-Volatile Memory Storage	Tor Cyclom Collings
Non-Volatile Memory Storage External +5VDC Power (on I/C	connector)
Non-Volatile Memory Storage External +5VDC Power (on I/C	connector)250mA, short circuit (current limit) and overvoltage (1A fuse) protected
Non-Volatile Memory Storage External +5VDC Power (on I/C Oual Analog Outputs (each as Output Impedance/Minimu	connector)250mA, short circuit (current limit) and overvoltage (1A fuse) protected signable to any channel present) m Load Resistance <1Ω/10kΩ
Non-Volatile Memory Storage External +5VDC Power (on I/C Oual Analog Outputs (each as Output Impedance/Minimu	connector)250mA, short circuit (current limit) and overvoltage (1A fuse) protected signable to any channel present) m Load Resistance <1Ω/10kΩ
Non-Volatile Memory Storage External +5VDC Power (on I/C Dual Analog Outputs (each as Output Impedance/Minimu Full Scale	connector)
Non-Volatile Memory Storage External +5VDC Power (on I/C Dual Analog Outputs (each as Output Impedance/Minimu Full Scale Overrange	connector)
Ion-Volatile Memory Storage External +5VDC Power (on I/C Dual Analog Outputs (each as Output Impedance/Minimu Full Scale Overrange Non-linearity	connector)
Ion-Volatile Memory Storage External +5VDC Power (on I/C Dual Analog Outputs (each as Output Impedance/Minimu Full Scale Overrange	connector)
Non-Volatile Memory Storage External +5VDC Power (on I/C Dual Analog Outputs (each as Output Impedance/Minimu Full Scale Overrange Non-linearity Overall Error (worst case, Filter	connector)
Non-Volatile Memory Storage External +5VDC Power (on I/C Dual Analog Outputs (each as Output Impedance/Minimu Full Scale Overrange Non-linearity Overall Error (worst case, Filter Protection	connector)
Non-Volatile Memory Storage External +5VDC Power (on I/C Dual Analog Outputs (each as Output Impedance/Minimu Full Scale Overrange Non-linearity Overall Error (worst case, Filter Protection Size and Weight	connector)

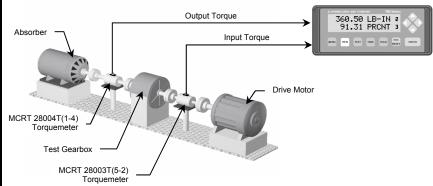
Notes: 1. The ratio expressed in decibels (dB), of Full Scale to noise spread. Measurements are made for a 1 minute interval using a 350Ω bridge. 2. Specification is subject to change without notice.

MOTOR BREAKDOWN TORQUE TEST WITH MODEL 701



After start, the motor is loaded above its BREAKDOWN TORQUE. After the test, the display, operating in its Max data mode, shows the precise BREAKDOWN TORQUE. HI and LO limits classify Max data and accept or reject the test motor. Limit status is displayed by the instrument. A valid NOT IN Limit logic output drives a reject marker. Reset is done from the front panel or via the I/O. Breakdown torque in metric units is calculated on CH 3 as KG-M = LB-IN/86.796.

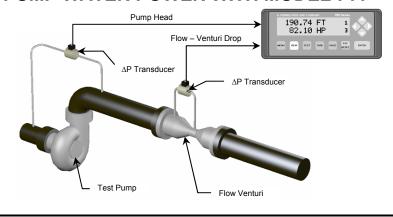
GEAR BOX TORQUE AND EFFICIENCY WITH MODEL 711



This setup classifies gear boxes on their efficiency and output. It measures INPUT (CH 1) and OUTPUT (CH 2) TORQUES and computes EFFICIENCY (CH 3). The display, which is set in the current data mode, shows OUTPUT TORQUE and EFFICIENCY. Limits, used in latching mode, classify OUTPUT TORQUE and EFFICIENCY. Finally, limit violations flash the display backlight.

% Efficiency =
$$\frac{[Output Torque * 100]}{[Input Torque * Gear Ratio]}$$

PUMP WATER POWER WITH MODEL 711

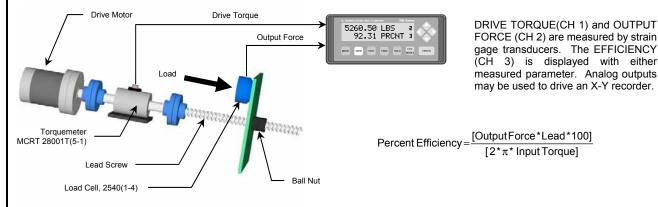


The Model 711 displays PUMP HEAD (CH 1) and WATER POWER (CH 3). Flow is determined from the pressure drop (CH 2) across a Venturi; the calculation of WATER POWER (CH 3) is indicated above. The display is set in the current data mode and non-latching limits are set to detect when the WATER POWER or HEAD goes out of limit. The same instrumentation can be configured to display FLOW instead of WATER POWER and, any of the three channels can be displayed by using front panel switches

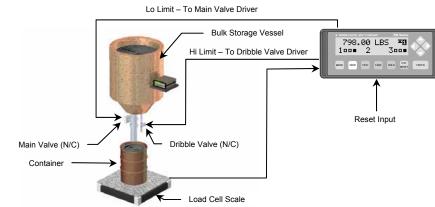
Water Power =
$$\frac{[Venturi Drop]^{1/2} [Pump Head]}{K}$$

K is a constant dependent on Venturi scaling and units of measure.

BALL SCREW EFFICIENCY TESTER USING THE MODEL 711

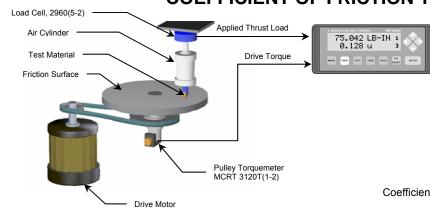


AUTOMATIC BATCH-OUT WEIGHING SYSTEM WITH MODEL 701



This system fills the container to a precise, field set, weight. At cycle start, a Reset signal TARES the 701 eliminating errors due to container variations. Filling is done in two stages; rapidly via the Main Valve, and slowly via the Dribble Valve. The LO Limit shuts the Main Valve; the HI Limit shuts the Dribble Valve. Limit checking is done on the Max data. The 701 displays Max data and retains the filled container weight until the start of the next cycle. Container weight in metric units is calculated on CH 3 as KG = LBS/2.2046.

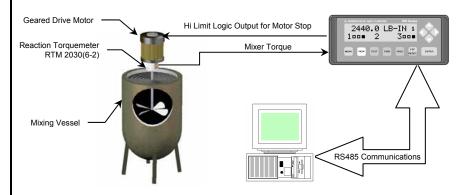
COEFFICIENT OF FRICTION TESTER WITH MODEL 711



A Pulley Torquemeter measures the input DRIVE TORQUE (CH 1). The load cell measures the applied THRUST (CH 2). The Model 711 displays the calculated COEFFICIENT OF FRICTION (CH 3) and either the applied THRUST or DRIVE TORQUE. If desired, limits can be set on any of the parameters and parameter variation (SPREAD) can be displayed. Note that the reaction thrust is taken out by a thrust bearing. Thrust is transmitted by the torquemeter shaft but is isolated from the torsion element.

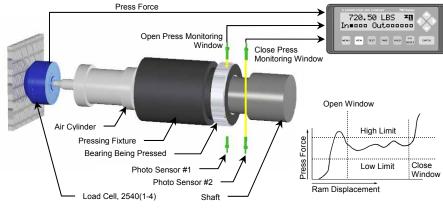
Coefficient of Friction, $\mu = \frac{\text{[Torque]}}{\text{[Thrust * Radius]}}$

MIXER PHASE (VISCOSITY) CHANGE DETECTION WITH MODEL 701



A Hollow, Flanged Reaction Torquemeter supports the geared vertical drive motor and measures mixer TORQUE. The Model 701's limits detect a phase change when mixing is complete, i.e. mixture viscosity is that of the final product and mixer TORQUE is at a preset level. The limit output signals motor stop and batch unload. The plant computer downloads a new set of limits when the product is changed.

PRESSING FORCE TESTING WITH MODEL 701



This system automatically measures and classifies peak pressing force while ignoring the high starting and bottoming forces. Valid pressing forces occur in a window between the TTL output photo sensors. The load cell measures pressing FORCE (CH 1). Display and Limit checking is done on the 701's Max data. Do Max/Min is invoked while sensor #1 is blocked and sensor #2 sees light. Max/Min mode is disabled when sensor #2 is blocked. Thereafter the Model 701displays and classifies the test items PEAK PRESSING FORCE.